



# Locational Criteria for Grocery Stores

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# Introduction

- Competition in the Industry
- The Geography of Competition
- Strategies of the Firms



# Structure of the Industry



# The Industry Today

- Highly concentrated industry
  - The 5 top chains account for about 50% of all grocery sales the industry is highly consolidated.
  - Supplemented by about 45 major regional retailers in the United States.
- Rivalry in this industry is a strong competitive force
  - Demand for groceries is slowing, the industry is mature.
  - Companies are using competitive tactics such as sales specials, coupons, company cards to save additional money, and high use of advertising.
  - Customer's switching cost is low
- Specialty Chains and Ethnic Stores are driving growth in the sector

# Competitive Forces

A food retailer does not have market assurance – success depends on attracting necessary volume of customers

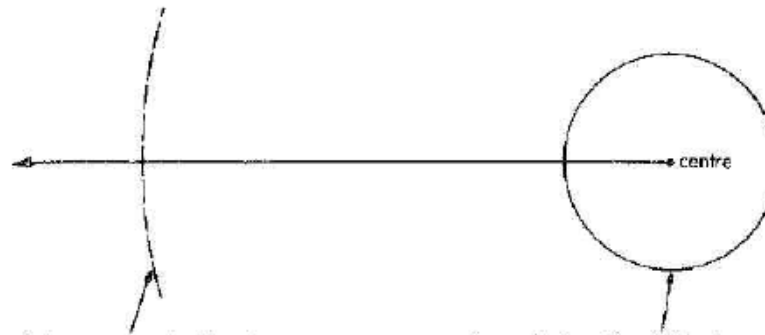
- Location – Neighborhood population
- Atmosphere – pleasant and clean
- Merchandising skills – inducing sales via display and placement
- Product mix – one stop shopping, specialty departments, prepared foods
- Pricing – costs to the consumer
- Reaching key niches- ethnic, specialty and “lifestyle”



# Geography of Competition

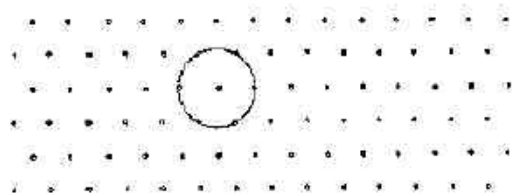


# Threshold and Range

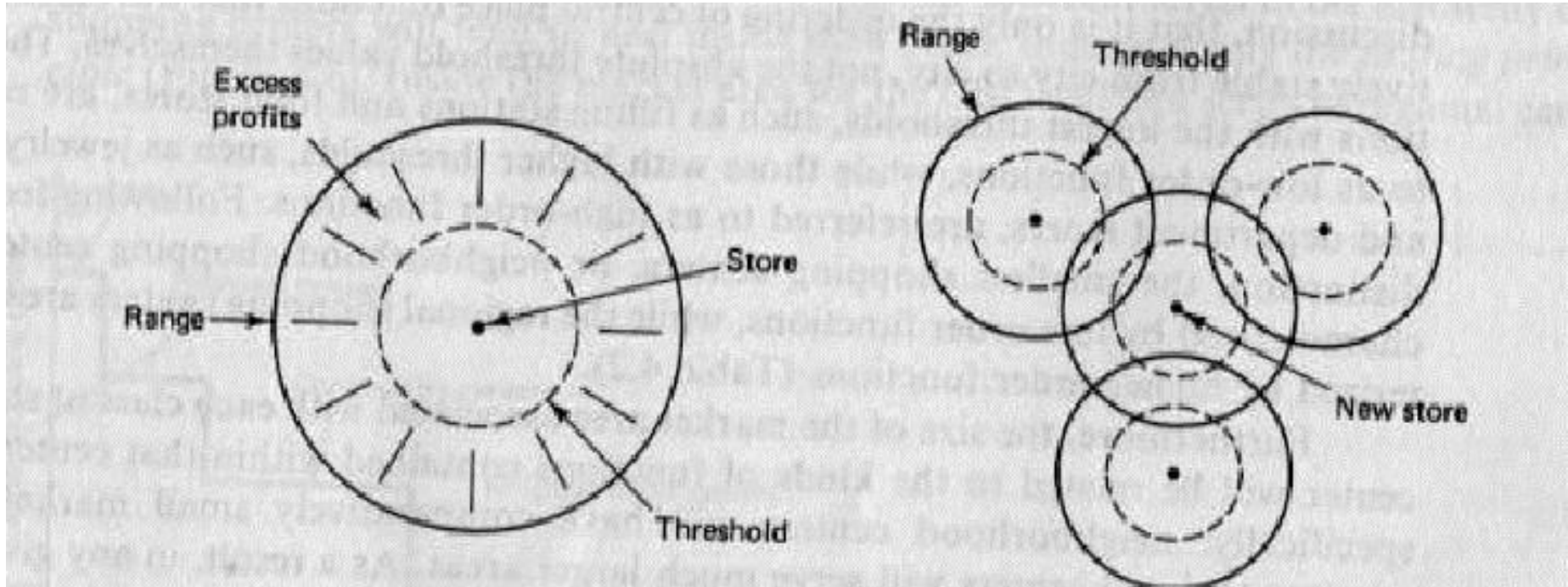


Upper limit or range. At this point journey to centre is not worth while in relation to need for good service. Cost or inconvenience outweigh need or alternative centre becomes available

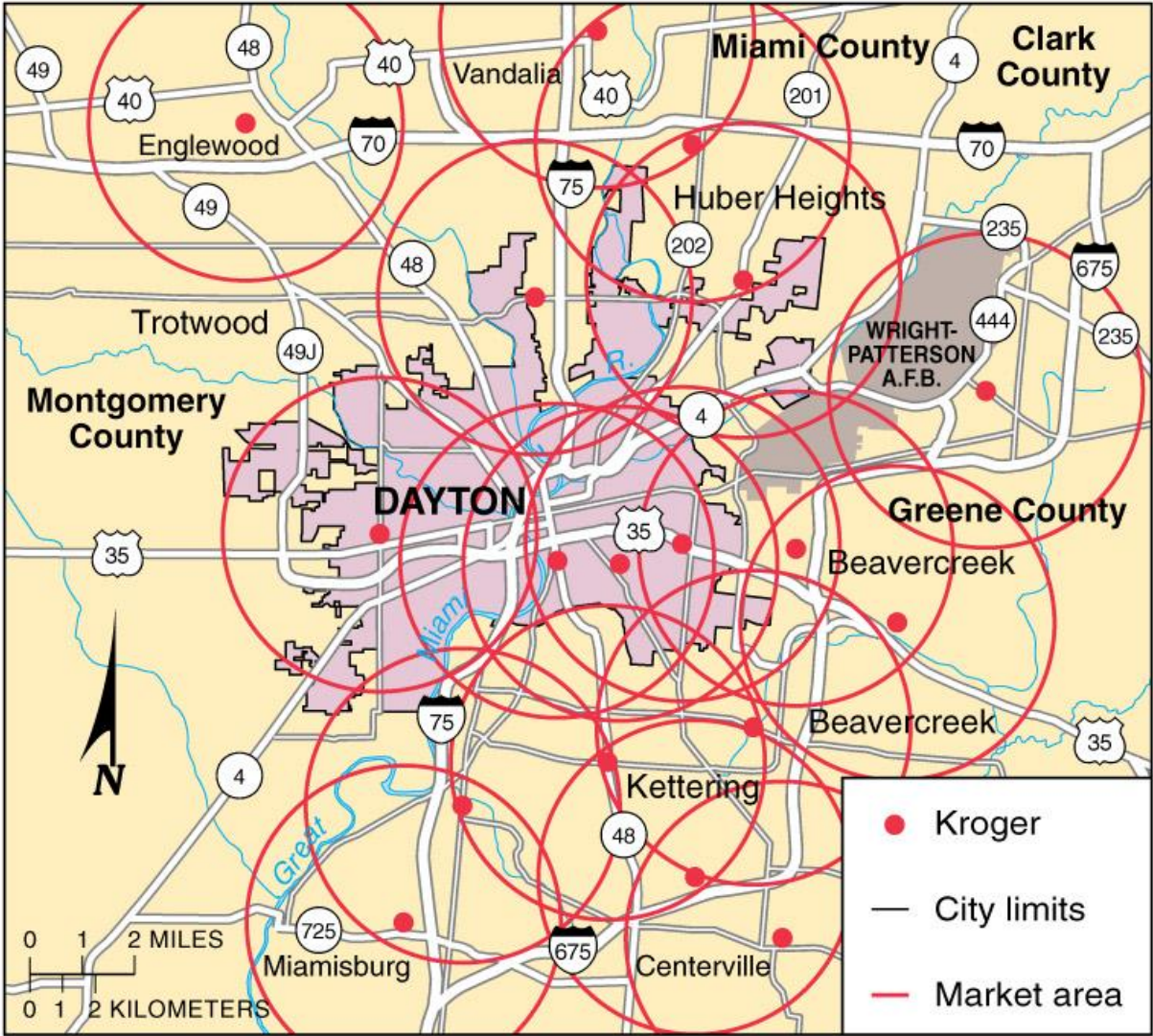
Lower limit or Threshold. A population of this size (area x density of population) is required to sustain a good or service



# Threshold and Range



# Supermarket Trade Areas



# USDA Classifications of Food Retailers

**Food Store:** A retail outlet with at least 50% of sales in food products intended for off-premise consumption

- **Convenience Stores:** A small grocery store selling a limited variety of food and non-food products and typically open extended hours
- **Superette:** A self-service grocery store with annual sales below \$2.5 million
- **Supermarket:** A self-service grocery store, providing a full range of departments, with at least \$2.5 million in annual sales
  - Combination food and drug stores
  - Superstores
  - Warehouse store
- **Specialized Food stores:** Food stores primarily engaged in the retail sale of a single food category

# Population Threshold and Range

	Size	Threshold Population	Range	
			Walk	Drive
Convenience Stores	1,200 to 5,000 Sq. Ft.	1,800 to 2,500	0 to 0.5 Mi	> 5 mins
Superette	20,000 to 30,000 Sq. Ft.	3,000 to 7,000	NA*	5 to 15 mins
Supermarket	40,000 to 60,000 Sq. Ft.	8,000 to 9,500	NA*	15 to 25 mins

\*Walk Range of less than a mile can occur in urban centers, purchase per trip is lower

- Demographics and household characteristics will determine the qualities of the specific store
- Population density drives the pattern

# Employment

- What is an employee worth?
- Day time functional population coefficient
  - Based on 12 hours per day
    - Office and Service Workers--- 0.504/person
    - Students—0.357/person
- Figure that this is a baseline and the grocery sales will represent only 10 to 20% of total retail potential
  - So, for this class of retail discount by 80-90%



# Strategies of the Firms



# Trader Joe's

- Estimated sales are a staggering \$1,300 per sq. ft per year --over twice the industry average.
- 80% of products are private label (compare to 18% industry wide)
  - This creates loyalty and monopoly prices
- Average store size is 15,000 sq. ft. (compare to 35,000 to 50,000 for a traditional supermarket)
  - Under parked



# Trader Joe's



- Will site in downtown and urban sites if:
  - Free public parking is included in the lease.
  - Assumes consumer will drive
  - Seeks to be anchor in project---limited acceptable co-tenants.
  - Fits within regional distribution system
- Demographics
  - Education is key variable--not incomes
  - Must have more than 36,000 residents with college degree in total market area
  - Typical consumer has “taste and experience above income level”
  - High rates of passport holders

# Whole Foods Market

- Requirements
  - 30,000 to 40,000 sq. ft
  - Free parking excluded from lease
  - Generally seeks rent off sets to enter urban sites
  - Seeks less than \$20 psf / year
- Sales of about \$530 psf. Per year



# Whole Foods Market



- Households with incomes over \$50,000 produce 70% of all sales at Whole Foods
- Basic demographics:
  - Median Household Income: \$63,500
  - Median Age: 36.2
  - Owner Occupied Homes: 62%
  - Bachelor's Degree or Higher: 55%
- Seeks more family than non-family households.

# Fresh and Easy

- Tesco– a UK chain entry to the US market began in 2007
- 10,000 to 12,000 sq. ft. stores
- Exploring a 5,000 sq. ft. format for urban sites
- Sales at \$720 per sf per year.
- Focus is on prepared foods



# Fresh and Easy



- Will locate in urban areas but prefers stand alone locations in suburban areas
- Target market is two income households with children present—basically stressed out parents
- Seeks locations with good street visibility on journey home form work corridors.
- More modest income consumer, median income of \$35 to \$40K
- Parking and street visibility are key to location strategy—it's a connivance model.



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